

Adventure Tactics: Domianne's Tower is a campaign-driven, tactical board game that is played over a series of chapters. As a brave hero, you and your party will level-up between chapters, unlocking new classes, powers and equipment as you advance through your quest to free the kingdoms from the tyranny of Queen Domianne.

Adventure Tactics features two manuals for you to use: this Rulebook, and the Campaign Guide. The Rulebook outlines the universal rules of play, while the Campaign Guide includes 50+ individual chapters that are linked together into the overall campaign. You should read the Rulebook before play, and read the Campaign Guide only for the individual chapter you are going to play next (as it is filled with spoilers!)

The Campaign Guide provides a series of chapters that you proceed through in a non-linear way based upon your choices as well as the outcomes of previous encounters. Some chapters are story-based, giving you choices to make about how the story will proceed. Others are encounters with enemies. These will pit you against a specific boss or group of enemies. Such an encounter will include multiple rounds of play, continuing until the encounter's objective is achieved or you are defeated.

Each encounter in the *Guide* will describe how to set up its specific features, including any special rules to be used when playing through it.

A campaign of Adventure Tactics is a full playthrough of the Campaign Guide, starting from Chapter 1 and proceeding through to the conclusion of the story. As your choices determine the path of the campaign, different choices will lead to different stories. After completing the campaign you can reset it back to the beginning and start over, exploring new paths, new encounters, and new class combinations.

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# **OVER 800 CARDS**







**41 CLASS FEATURE CARDS** 





**53 EQUIPMENT CARDS** 



**5 SUMMONS CARDS** 



**33 ITEM CARDS** 







**17 PERK CARDS** 

**17 RANDOM ENCOUNTER CARDS** 



**135 LEVEL-UP CARDS** 

**50 BASIC MOVE CARDS** 



Basic Attack

**50 BASIC ATTACK CARDS** 



**69 PASSIVE ABILITY CARDS** 



**32 DICE ABILITY CARDS** 



**150 BOSS DECK CARDS** 

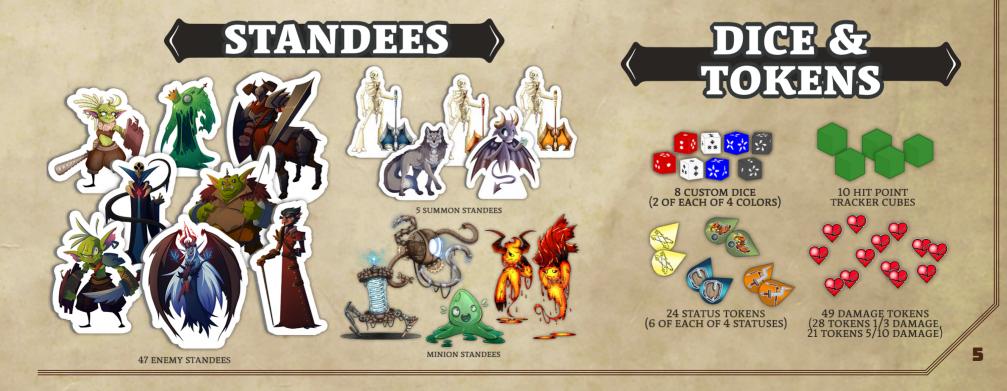


**19 DIVIDER CARDS** 

**8 DIRECTION CARDS** 



**10 INITIATIVE CARDS** 



# CREATING YOUR HERO

The hero you play in *Adventure Tactics* is unique, and belongs to you. Your hero will begin with a set of basic cards, but as you progress through the adventure you will acquire new skills, new equipment, and even level up into new classes.

To create your hero, choose one of the five basic classes: **Fighter, Rogue, Cleric, Wizard**, or **Archer**. Take the **level up card** that is marked "Starter," and the class card for your chosen class. The level up card specifies your starting HP and the starting cards for



that class, including its class feature cards. This card also tells you the requirements and rewards for leveling up in that class (see LEVELING UP AND CHANGING CLASSES, page 22). The class card specifies your basic movement value, and your basic attack (including the die used, and the range).

Side-Ste

Dagger Throw

Next, take the **5** class-specific starting cards for that class and add to them **3** Basic Move, and **3** Basic Attack cards. These 11 cards form your action deck. Place these cards in the tuck box for that class. This tuck box will contain your action deck throughout the campaign. As you acquire new cards, they will be added to this tuck box.

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Each class also begins with **one passive ability card** (see ABILITY CARDS, page 20). Any passive abilities you use will be placed on your player board at the start of an encounter. These grant ongoing abilities to your hero which, unlike other abilities, are not discarded when used.

Finally, you will need the **player board** for that class and the **miniature** for that hero. You will use these as you play each encounter.

#### **LEVELS AND CLASSES**

Your hero's level is defined by the number of level up cards you've acquired over the course of the game and have stored in your tuck box. As such, your first hero begins at level 1. You'll acquire a new level up card, and hence go up one level, after certain encounters (see LEVELING UP AND CHANGING CLASSES, page 22).

Your hero's class, with the exception of Elite Classes, is defined by the very first class you choose. No matter which other level up cards you choose over the course of

> your adventure, you will still remain as your starting class. However, when choosing to level up to an Elite Class, you become that new class instead of your current class. When doing so, you will also take on the basic movement and basic attack of the new elite class.

#### **Example:**

Taliyah begins the game as a Level 1 Cleric.
The next time she levels up, she chooses another Cleric card, making her a Level 2 Cleric. At her next opportunity to level up, she chooses an Archer card.
She is still a Level 3 Cleric, even though she has an Archer Level Up card.

#### **ELITE CLASSES**

In addition to the five basic classes (Fighter, Rogue, Cleric, Wizard, and Archer), you can eventually level up into one of seventeen elite classes. These classes have certain basic **class requirements that you must meet** before you can level up into an elite class. These requirements can be found on the level up card for that elite class. A comprehensive list of elite class requirements can also be found on page 23.



For example, the **War Mage** lists Fighter (1), Wizard (1), Rogue (1) as its prerequisites. In order to become a War Mage, you must first have achieved at least one level in each of Fighter, Wizard, and Rogue. After that, you may choose to become a War Mage the next time you level up.

When you choose your first level up card from a new elite class deck, you are now considered to be that class instead of your previous class. You gain the basic movement and attack of your new elite class. You will also gain the amount of HP stated on the elite class level up card. If you later become another elite class, you keep the HP gain from your current elite class(es) on top of your new HP gain. You must give up the movement of the previous elite class, however.

#### Example

Taliyah is a Level 3 Cleric, with two Cleric level up cards and one Archer level up card. She is interested in becoming a Demon Hunter, which has as prerequisites Cleric (1), Rogue (1), Archer (1). She does not yet meet the prerequisites for becoming a Demon Hunter. The next time she levels up, she chooses a Rogue card when becoming Level 4 (her class is still Cleric). Now she meets the prerequisites for Demon Hunter, so when she levels up the next time, she can choose to become a Demon Hunter. After selecting that class, she is now a level 5 Demon Hunter.

The maximum level you can reach is 10. The maximum level you can reach in any particular class is 5.

#### **PARTY SIZE**

A party in *Adventure Tactics* is **a group of 3 - 5 heroes**. If you need, or want, to have more heroes than there are players, then someone will have to control more than one hero. The choice of party size is locked-in at the start of a campaign. It determines the number of minions that you will face in each encounter. In this way, the challenge scales

to the number of characters.

The 3 - 5 heroes you choose can be divided up amongst the players as you see fit, **at the beginning of any encounter**.

#### Example

Sam and Aimie are beginning a 2 player campaign. Sam elects to play Roberta and Olette, while Aimie brings Elwyn and Quill. Tolben, the one hero not selected, cannot be used in this campaign. Since there are 4 heroes in the campaign, Sam and Aimie will follow the directions in the Campaign Guide for a 4 hero setup.

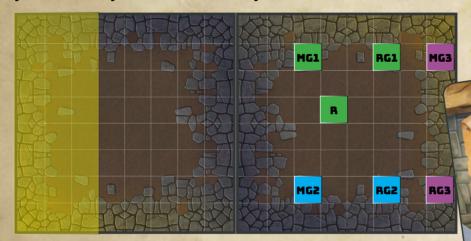
# ENCOUNTER SETUP

Target heals 🛃 +1

Soothing Balm

Encounters are where all of the action takes place in Adventure Tactics. In an encounter, you and your fellow heroes will take on a boss and their minions, fighting to complete various objectives to advance through the campaign.

To set up an encounter, first refer to the *Campaign Guide* for **specific board setup**. These instructions will explain which boards to use and how to set them up. There will also be a highlighted yellow area on the map – you may place your hero anywhere within this yellow area.



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Archers

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**Bosses and minions** must be placed on the specific spots marked on the map. Each of these enemies will have an image in the *Campaign Guide*. These images include a unique identifier, like M3, that tells you which enemy this is and where they begin on the map. They

will also tell you that enemy's hit points, basic movement, attack value and range.

**Note:** these values may vary based on how many players are in your party, which will be noted in the *Campaign Guide*.

As you fight enemies, you will place **damage tokens** onto the picture of that specific enemy in order to track damage done to it.

Gather all required **enemy standees** and place them on the board as directed (this too may vary based on how many heroes are in your party). Take the **boss deck** for that encounter's boss and set it nearby. You will also need **2 initiative cards** for that boss, unless otherwise specified in the *Campaign Guide*.

#### **PLAYER SETUP**

At the beginning of each encounter, you may choose one of your **class feature cards** and place it on your player board. You may also choose **one weapon**, **one armor**, **and one accessory** card to place on your player board. You can then choose any of your remaining class feature, weapon, armor, or accessory cards to shuffle into your **action deck**;

the rest are stored in your tuck box and cannot be used in that encounter.

You may also select up to **3 passive abilities and 2 dice abilities** to begin with on your player board. Passive and dice abilities are different from other abilities (including equipment and class features) in that they are never discarded when used. Their ability persists throughout the encounter, unless they are discarded by another game effect. All other ability cards are placed into your tuck box and cannot be used in that encounter (see ABILITY CARDS, page 20).

At the start of an encounter, set your HP Marker to your maximum HP value. This value is determined by adding



up all of the hearts on your level up cards, including your starting class card and any HP bonuses from elite classes. As you take damage, heal, and experience other effects, your HP will rise and fall, but it can never get higher than your maximum HP value (some effects in game may temporarily raise that value, however).

See an example of populated player board above.

Your party will also have a collection of shared items to take into the encounter. Take the **deck of party item** cards and place it nearby for all party members to access. When you begin your campaign, this deck will start with **3 revive potions** (2 revive potions for a 3 hero game), but as you progress through the campaign you may receive new cards to add to this deck. These items can be used by anyone in the party.

**Easy Mode:** To make an encounter more forgiving, you can choose to bring an additional revive potion at the beginning (4 total, or 3 in a 3 hero game).

**Hard Mode:** To make an encounter more challenging, you can choose to bring one less revive potion at the beginning (2 total, or 1 in a 3 hero game).

#### **SUCCEEDING AND FAILING**

Each encounter has a main objective and a bonus objective. To succeed at an encounter your party needs to **complete the main objective** – the bonus objective

is optional, but completing it will yield more rewards and could even open up new branches in the campaign. Once the main objective is met, the encounter immediately ends.

There are two ways to succeed at an encounter: complete the main objective alone, or complete the main objective and the bonus objective.

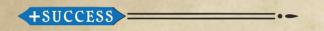


Regardless of how you are successful, look at the **purple Success column** in the resolution section for that encounter. It will tell you the various rewards that your party receives, which could include new items as well as the opportunity to level up.

SUCCESS

Some encounters will add new cards to various other decks. For example, it may add new items from the Supply - Items deck into your Party - Items deck, which will look like this:





The **blue +Success heading** will tell you what happens next in the campaign. If you successfully completed the bonus objective and the main objective, follow the **green section**. If you did not complete the bonus objective but did complete the main objective, follow the **orange section**. Each section will give you options for your next encounter in the campaign.

Whenever new items are acquired, this section will tell you from which deck those items come from, and which deck they are placed into. If the *Campaign Guide* does not say which deck the new cards go in, then they go into a player's deck. For example, when an encounter awards you loot, these cards will go directly into your decks.

A purple box like this will tell you where to take the cards from:

SUPPLY - LOOT

This symbol, 🕞 LEVEL UP, means that all players level up (see LEVELING UP AND CHANGING CLASSES, page 22).

Failure: If your party has used all of its revive potions, the encounter ends as soon as the next player is knocked out (see CONDITIONS, page 17, and REVIVE POTIONS, page 19). If all players are knocked out simultaneously, the encounter also ends. In either case, you have failed the Selecter Creek encounter. Read the red Failure column in the Resolution section for that encounter to find out what to do next.

FAILURE

# RULES OF PLAY

**Note:** In the rules below, 'Character' means both players and enemies (bosses and minions).

#### **ROUND SEQUENCE**

Play within an encounter takes place over a series of Rounds, continuing until you meet the objective or are defeated. **Each Round consists of four phases**:

- 1. Draw Cards
- 2. Determine Initiative
- 3. Player / Boss Turns
- 4. Cleanup

#### 1. Draw Cards

Start your turn by drawing cards from your action deck until you reach your maximum hand size. Unless it is changed by a game effect, **your maximum hand size is 4**. If you ever need to draw a card and your action deck is empty, reshuffle your discard pile to reform your action deck.

When red

**Mulligan**: Once per encounter, after you draw your initial hand of cards you may choose to reshuffle this hand into your action deck and draw a new hand of cards. This can only be done one time, and only at the beginning of an encounter.

#### 2. Initiative

Initiative determines the order in which all characters will take their turns during this round. **Each hero has one initiative card, while bosses have two**, unless noted otherwise. At the beginning of this step each round, initiative cards for all characters are shuffled face-down together, arranged in a line, and then flipped face-up.

This line determines the initiative order for this turn: the character represented by the first card will act first, followed by the character represented by the second card, and so on until the character represented by the last card in line takes their turn.



**Note:** Some player abilities may allow changes to the initiative order. Your party, as a group, must decide which of these abilities to use, and in which order. If you are unable to agree, the first player in initiative order may use their abilities first, followed by the player seated to their left and proceeding clockwise around the table.

#### 3. Player / Boss Turns

On your turn, you may take **up to 2 actions** (see PLAYER ACTIONS, page 12), or pass. You can choose the same action multiple times.

If you begin your turn in the **knocked out status**, you may choose to use a revive potion

Unstoppable

When reduced

Con

Tool Belt

(if your party has one). If you do, you then take a normal turn but with a revival penalty (see the REVIVE POTIONS section on page 19). If you do not use a revive potion, you skip your turn. This is not considered passing, so you will not discard your hand at the end of your turn.

#### **Player Actions**

- Play an action card from your hand, or use an accessory, armor, weapon, or class feature from your player board. After playing any of these card types this way, place them in your discard pile. For more information on equipment and class features, see pages 19 and 21.
- **Discard** any action card from your hand to move a number of spaces equal to half of your basic movement value, rounded down.
- Equip an accessory, armor, or weapon card from your hand, adding it to your player board in the matching slot.
- Prepare a class feature card from your hand, adding it to your player board if the class feature slot on your board is empty. Remember that, when played, a class feature is placed in the discard pile (see PLAY, above).

#### **Boss Actions**

When it is the boss' turn in initiative order, **reveal the top card of the boss deck**. This card will specify which enemies will activate (either the boss, the minions, or both), and which actions they will take. Only those characters mentioned on the specific boss card are activated on this turn; characters that are not mentioned do not act this turn.

Each enemy will make a basic move, up to their maximum movement points (specified in the *Campaign Guide*). They will **move to the closest player**, counting movement squares as usual (see MOVEMENT, page 13). If two or more heroes are the same distance away from an enemy, the players will decide which one the enemy will move towards. If you cannot agree, whoever who is earliest in the initiative order will choose where the enemy will move.

After moving, each **enemy will attack the hero it moved toward**, using their basic attack value (also denoted in the *Campaign Guide*) unless otherwise directed by a card or effect.

Some enemies will have specific types of targets outlined on their card. If possible, they will move towards, and attack, the closest hero that matches that type. If the enemy isn't able to move or attack its specified target, it will move toward and attack the closest hero.

Sometimes, enemy movement or attacks are random. То determine а direction. draw the top card of the direction deck and move or attack in that direction. Always reshuffle the direction deck at the end of any turn in which it was used.

#### **Boss Abilities**

Some bosses will have certain **special abilities**; these will be stated in the corresponding page of the *Campaign Guide*. Boss abilities can either be passive or active.

**Passive abilities** introduce new rules for the encounter that are in effect as long as the boss is in play. Some of these abilities introduce new, ongoing rules for characters, while others are triggered when a certain condition is met. These triggered abilities will say "Whenever this condition happens, do this effect."

#### Example

Wraiths have two passive abilities: **Shapeless Void:** Wraiths may move through players and enemies. **Bound to Serve:** Whenever a Wraith is defeated, it Heals to its maximum HP and is immediately

re-spawned in its starting position.

**Active abilities** introduce new attacks or abilities that a boss can use in that encounter. These abilities will be referenced by cards in the boss deck: whenever a card is drawn that mentions this ability, refer to the *Campaign Guide* for its effect.

GANG TACTIC

blin Chieftai

to that player and

Hobgoblin Chieftain

#### Example

Harpoon is an active ability of the Hobgoblin Chieftain. The *Campaign Guide* specifies how it works:

#### **Active Abilities:**

Harpoon: White Die, Range: 5, Effect: Target is moved to closest square adjacent to Hobgoblin Chieftain.

#### 4. Cleanup

During this phase, you may choose and discard one card from your hand. If you passed, you may discard your entire hand instead.

Also, unless otherwise specified, **all conditions are removed** during this phase. Remove all condition tokens from any character that has one.

#### **DETAILS OF ACTIONS**

By playing cards from your hand, or by using your equipment and class features, you can move around the board, attack enemies and use special abilities from your class(es). Enemies will move and/or attack based on the card that is revealed on their turn.

#### Movement

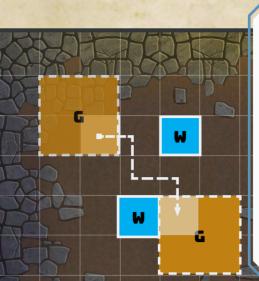
You move about the grid-based map by spending movement points. Each point allows you to move **one square up**, **down, left or right** from your current position. **You cannot move diagonally.** Each move action specifies the number of movement points that you can use to move in this way. You do not need to use all of the movement points provided by an action; you can choose to use fewer.

**Note:** You cannot move through other characters unless an ability allows you to.

Bosses and minions follow the same rules for movement as you do.

MG

#### **Example** A Melee Goblin (MG) has used a move action to move up to five squares from her original position.



#### Example

A Golem (G) has used a move action to move up to four squares from its original position. Even though it's a large Character, when moving, treat it as if it only took up one square on the board. This allows the Golem to move between two Wraiths (W).

#### Large Boss Movement

Some bosses are larger than normal, taking up four squares on the map instead of one. When a boss like this needs to move, **choose one of the four squares** that the boss occupies and act as if the boss was a regular-sized character which only occupies that square. You can think of the boss as "shrinking" down to that single square.

Count the boss's movement from that one square. When the boss ends its movement, it "expands" back to its normal size. You do this by placing the full-size boss back onto the board, making sure that **it covers the square where its movement ended**. If the full base cannot be placed in this way then the boss cannot end its movement at the chosen square.

#### Obstacles

Some squares can have obstacles placed in them by certain enemy abilities, such as a boss that can generate a wall of fire. Squares with obstacles take two movement points to enter. If a you do not have enough movement points, you cannot enter a square with an obstacle (and the same is true for bosses). A large boss only needs to pay two movement points when it moves through an obstacle, and not if it is merely placed on top of an obstacle at the end of its movement.

Other abilities can create walls on the board. Unless otherwise specified, **characters cannot move through walls or end their turn on walls**. A large boss cannot be placed on top of a wall. If this prevents a boss from being placed at the end of its movement, it cannot end its movement at the chosen square.

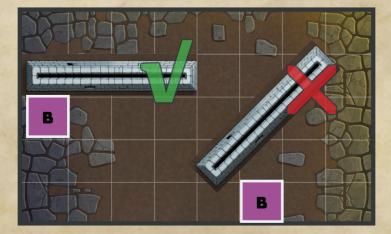
#### **Spawning Walls**

Some bosses have the ability to spawn walls. Although different types of walls will have different effects, all walls follow the same general rules for how they appear on the board.

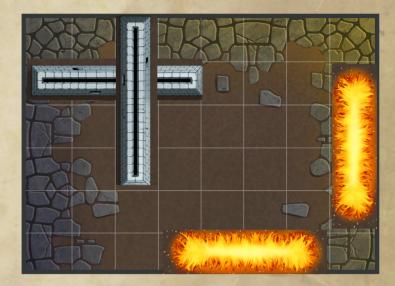
The wall **must begin on a square whose side is touching the boss's square** (it cannot be placed diagonally to the boss). Then, place the wall tile in that direction.

> Whenever a boss (B) spawns a new wall, that wall may overlap an existing wall of that type. It does not need to go in the same direction as the previous wall, but it cannot go diagonally.

If there is a limit to the number of walls that can be spawned (for example, a certain boss



may be able to summon a maximum of two fire walls), tthen the oldest wall on the board of that type must be removed before the new one is placed.



#### **Line of Sight**

Some actions and abilities rely on determining line of sight between two spaces. Line of sight is determined by counting the number of squares away, but unlike movement this counting can be done diagonally. Two squares are in line of sight of each other if you can draw a straight line from one corner of a square to one corner of the other square. This line cannot be interrupted by walls or enemies, but it can be interrupted by other heroes. In other words, walls and enemies block line of sight, but other heros do not.

#### **Targeting and Range**

Some abilities, including ranged attacks, rely on line of sight to determine their targets. Each such attack will specify a number – that is its range. A square is in range of you if it is in your line of sight, and the distance between you and that square is not greater than this range (see the diagram below). Any square in range is a valid target for that ability, so an ability with range 4 can apply to characters who are up to 4 squares away from you.

Some abilities have a more restricted range and instead of being written as a single number it will be written as a band, such as range 2 - 3. These abilities can only affect characters who are within this range band. In this example, the ability could only affect characters that are either at range 2 or range 3; it could not affect characters at range 1.

Any action with no range, or with a range of 0, applies only to the character using the action. **Example:** Ring of Healing.

> Some cards may have restrictions on what they can target. For example, they may not be able to target adjacent squares, or squares within a certain range. A character is **adjacent** to you if it is within one space of you in any direction including diagonally (so, at range 1).

# 93

RG

Е

range 4

range 3

range 2

range 1

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#### Example

Dark Knight Roberta (R) has a range of 1-2. This means her basic attack can target a character at range 1 or 2. Roberta can attack a Melee Goblin (MG) that's standing next to her (range 1) and Ranged Goblin (RG) at range 2.

> Roberta (R) can't attack the Wraith (W) that is at range 3. It is out of range for her.

> > Dark Knight

Wizard

Example

**Example** Wizard Elwyn (E) has a range of 1-4, but he can't attack the Wraith (W) either - a wall blocks his line of sight.

R

MG

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ayers heal 📉 📉

Ring of Healing

# DETAILS OF ACTION CARDS

Action cards in *Adventure Tactics* have a text box that describe what you can do by playing that card as one of your actions for your turn. When played, you must follow as much of the card text as possible.

#### Specific > General

There are so many different cards in *Adventure Tactics* and many of them do something completely unique. Whenever a card or effect contradicts these general rules, always follow the wording of the card or effect.

#### Attacks

Any non-basic attack card will specify a certain number of dice, as well as a range (if there is no range specified, its range is zero). To perform an attack, **choose a target within the specified range and roll the specified dice.** Add up the results; that is the amount of damage done to the chosen target.

If an attack card has a second set of dice and range (e.g. Blue Die, Range: 5, White Die, Range: 3), then that card allows you to perform **a second attack**. This attack can be against the same target, or a different one. Resolve the first attach before making the second attack. If the target dies due to the first attack, you must choose a second target for the second attack.

Some attacks may also apply certain **conditions**, or other effects, to their targets. These cards will say "Effect: \_\_\_\_\_" on them. Apply this effect after dealing the attack's damage, as long as the target is still alive.

Some abilities allow you, or other characters, to **ignore an attack**. When ignoring an attack, the attack's dice are still rolled, but you do not take the damage.



#### **Healing and Other Abilities**

Many non-attack cards will also specify a range and an effect as part of their card text. Their range value is used to determine valid targets, and the effect of the card are applied to the chosen target(s). Many of these effects will specify a set of dice; roll these dice and use the result when processing the effect.

#### **Example:**

Healing Prayer has a range of 3, and says "Target heals [White Die], [White Die]." When you play this card, choose a hero within range 3 (which can include your own hero), roll the two dice, and heal that many HP from the target.



#### **Area of Effect**

Effects that specify an area of effect apply to **all characters that are within a certain distance from the target of that card.** This is the Area of Effect (AoE) of that attack, and it is specified on the card itself (an effect with no AoE will have no value, such as Healing



Prayer). The size of this area is determined by counting the specified number of spaces in any direction (including diagonally) from the target. The effect is applied to any character within this area.

Note that the range of an effect, and the size of its area of effect do not have to be the same. For example, the Wizard's fireball has a range of 4, and an area of effect of 1. The initial target must be within range 4 of the Wizard, and then any other character within range 1 of this target will also be affected by fireball.

If there is more than one character in the area of effect, the player who played the card decides the order in which the targets are affected. If the card requires rolling dice, a single roll is made regardless of how many targets are affected.

#### **Conditions**

Some cards can apply various conditions to characters, which are described below. Unless otherwise specified, conditions are removed during the cleanup phase.

Note: If an attack would normally inflict a condition on a character, but that attack's damage is reduced to o, that condition is not applied. For example, if a character wearing Goblin Leathers reduces the damage dealt by Divine Flames to zero, the character is **not** weakened.

#### **LIST OF CONDITIONS**

**# Slowed** characters can only ever use a maximum of 1 movement point anytime they move.



- **# Weakened** characters deal half as much damage (rounded down).
- **# Stunned** characters skip their next turn in initiative order. Note that bosses have more than one initiative cards, so a stunned boss would only skip their next turn in the round.



**# Invisible** characters cannot be targeted by any actions, though they are still affected by area of effect attacks and abilities. Note that this also includes beneficial actions, such as healing.

#### **Knocked** Out

You are knocked out if you are reduced to 0 or fewer HP (if you would be reduced to lower than O HP, you are set to O HP instead). If you are knocked out, you:

**¤** Cannot play any cards or use any abilities until you are healed to more than O HP.

- **¤** Cannot be targeted by enemy attacks and abilities, and cannot take damage from their attacks
- **¤** Do not count as occupying the square that you were last in.

If you are healed above O HP, you are returned to the board on the square that you were last in. If that square is now occupied, you determine which adjacent square you will reappear on by drawing the top card of the direction deck. If that square is empty, that is where you reappear. If it is not empty, repeat this process. Always reshuffle the direction deck at the end of any turn in which it was used.

**Note:** the enemies are never knocked out. An enemy that is reduced to 0 HP or below is instead removed from play.

#### **Other Keywords**

Some cards have the other keywords on them that affect when and how they are played:



**REMOVE:** After this card has been played, set it aside for the remainder of the encounter.



FREE: Playing this card does not count as an action. Note that these cards cannot be played on a turn that you pass.



**RESPONSE:** This card may be played outside of your turn, after a certain event happens. This

condition will be outlined on the card. Only one RESPONSE can be played for each event.

Goblin Leathers

damage educe damage by

You may make

🗙 and target

IS WEAKENED.

Divine Flames

a BASIC MOVE.

### THINGS YOU NEED TO KNOW BEFORE PLAYING AN ENCOUNTER

Encounters in Adventure Tactics contain many different elements of peril, adventure, and reward. There is a common set of rules for all encounters that you should be aware of before embarking on your adventure.

#### EQUIPMENT

After successfully completing an encounter, the party may receive equipment cards as loot. Equipment falls into three different kinds: weapon, armor and accessory. At any given time, you may only have one of each kind of equipment on your player board. Equipment cards can be used as one of your actions on you turn.

**Healing** Potion

ACCESSORY

Heal 🔽 💽

Wraith Blade

Heal

When your party earns equipment cards as loot after finishing an encounter, you must decide as a group who receives which cards. If you cannot agree, each player rolls 2 red dice, and whoever gets the highest total decides who receives which equipment.

Bracers of Protection

If you playe

e equipped

At the end of an encounter, you may add or remove equipment cards from your action deck. You may also trade equipment cards with other members of your party. Any

equipment card that is not included in your action deck at the beginning of an encounter is still owned by you, but cannot be used in that encounter. Place it in your tuck box - you can always use it next time.

#### SUMMONED CREATURES

Certain cards or abilities may allow you to summon creatures to fight alongside you. These creatures have their own character cards, and count as players for the purposes of targeting and attacks, but their turns are controlled by you.

The summoned creature's card will tell you how it takes its turn. Some summoned creatures make their moves and attacks at the same time as you, while other creatures take their own individual turns.

#### **REVIVE POTIONS**

Revive potions are used to bring knocked out players back into the game, and are a key resource in an encounter. If ever a player is knocked out and your party has no more revive potions, you lose the encounter (you also lose if all players are knocked out simultaneously).

- # If you begin your turn at O HP, you may choose to use a revive potion to heal half of your maximum HP (rounded down).
- **#** When you are revived in this way, you also shuffle your discard pile into your action deck.
- **¤** Roll a red die and set aside that many cards from the top of your action deck until the end of the encounter.
- # Draw up to your maximum hand size and take your turn as usual.

**Note:** If you have fewer than 4 cards in your deck, you may not use a revive potion.

Once used, place the revive potion in front of you as a reminder that you have used it during this encounter.

#### PERKS

After successfully completing an encounter, you may receive **perk cards as a reward**. These are generally earned by completing the bonus objective(s) of an encounter, which will name a specific perk card. You decide as a group who receives which perk. If you cannot agree, each player rolls 2 red dice, and the player with the highest total decides who receives which perk.

You may also receive perks as a result of leveling up in certain classes. The level up cards will say which perk you receive, and when you receive it.

amage, they must

e or all of the e (your choice).

# Certain perks may grant you new cards for your deck. If the card

is marked with ADD, then that card is simply added to your action deck. If the card is marked with REPLACE, then you may choose to remove a card from your deck as well, returning it to the box.

#### **ABILITY CARDS**

Through the course of your adventure, you will acquire class ability cards. These features improve your character by, for example, increasing your stats, improving your abilities, or adding additional dice to your attacks.

When you begin an encounter you can select **up to 3 passive abilities and 2 dice abilities** to begin with on your player board. All other ability cards are placed into your tuck box and cannot be used in that encounter. **Passive Abilities are always in effect** as long as they are on your player board (they are not discarded when used). These can change the basic features of your character, or give you new abilities that you can use during your turn (see PLAYER ACTIONS, page 12).

**Dice Abilities change how you use dice** for certain actions. They may give you more dice to use on attacks or other abilities, or modifiers and rerolls for using those abilities. Like passive abilities, dice abilities are always in effect and are not discarded when used.

#### SHOPPING AT THE MARKET

There are certain points during the campaign where you will be able to spend your hard-earned gold on new equipment, including rare items that are only available

> in certain markets. These shopping opportunities will be noted in the *Campaign Guide*.

The items for sale in the market are all of the unclaimed or lost equipment cards from previous chapters of your campaign, as well as some new items made available from the market itself.

> Unless otherwise specified, each item costs 2 bags of gold (which you can acquire as loot after an encounter, for example). When spending bags of gold, move them from the Party - Items deck to the Supply - Items deck. After buying an item, add it to your tuck box. You can use it in the next encounter, following the usual setup rules.

All of the gold you acquire is shared amongst your entire party, no matter who acquired it. Your party's gold can be used to buy equipment for any member of the party. Any equipment that you do not want can be sold to the market for 1 bag of gold, which then gets added into the Party - Items deck from the Supply - Items deck.

#### **RANDOM ENCOUNTERS**

As your party moves through the world of *Adventure Tactics*, you will occasionally have random encounters. Certain choices in the *Campaign Guide*, usually involving traveling to different parts of Caiveil, will

ask you to draw a card from the PARTY - RANDOM ENCOUNTERS deck.

Follow the instructions on the card. If those instructions direct you to remove it from the PARTY - RANDOM ENCOUNTERS deck then do so; otherwise return that card to the deck (so you could have the same encounter again).

At certain points in the campaign you may be prompted to add new cards to the random encounter deck. The choices you make can come back to affect you you later on in your campaign!

#### LOOT ITEMS

After completing an encounter, your party may be rewarded with loot. The *Campaign Guide* will tell you what you receive based on how you fared in that encounter (see SUCCEEDING AND FAILING, page 9). The loot you receive may vary by player count. Depending on the outcome, certain random encounters may also reward you with loot.

Loot can include equipment cards (weapons, armor, and accessories), bags of gold, new party items, and even character perks. Some encounters may even award you with items that are essential for advancing the plot of your campaign.

#### **CLASS FEATURES**

Class feature cards represent defining abilities of your hero's class(es). They provide your hero with new powers to use during encounters, which could include ongoing bonuses, new actions or responses to enemy attacks and abilities.

> As mentioned in the PLAYER ACTIONS section on page 12, you may use a class feature card as one of your actions (placing it in your discard pile afterwards).

Whenever you level up into a new class, you will get a new class feature card (noted on the level up card for your chosen class). At the beginning of any encounter, you can choose one class feature card to begin with on your player mat. Any other class feature cards you have can either be shuffled into your action deck, or set aside for the duration of that encounter.

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#### **LEVELING UP, AND CHANGING CLASSES**

After concluding certain encounters, you and your party will be able to level up. Those encounters will say **"All Players Advance 1 Level."** When leveling up, you must choose one level up card. The chosen card can be the first card of a new basic class deck, or it can come from any basic or elite class deck for which you meet the class requirements (found on the level up cards, and in the Class Guide). In this way, you get to choose to develop your current class(es), or pursue new classes to obtain new action cards.

Some level us either ADD ( cards to you the specifie your act then you a card f you add. The first new class unlocked unlocked player has cho class deck, no cards from that

Some level up cards will instruct you to either ADD ( ) or REPLACE ( ) new action cards to your deck. If it says ADD, then the specified cards are simply added to your action deck. If it says REPLACE, then you may also choose to remove a card from your deck for each card you add.

The first time a card is chosen out of a new class deck, that class is considered unlocked. **Elite classes can only be unlocked for one player**: if one player has chosen a card from an elite class deck, no other player can choose cards from that deck.

**Note:** Since only one player can be a given elite class, you and **your party will need to work together** when deciding how to level up your characters. Make a plan early on for how you will level up, so that you don't end up taking an elite class that someone else had their eye on!

You can always choose cards from a basic class deck when leveling up, but keep in mind that there are class limits here too: **no more than two players may be at level 2 or higher in any basic class, and no more than one player may**  **be at level 3 or higher in any basic class**. No more than 1 player may be a given elite class.

You can have level up cards from multiple classes, including multiple elite classes (though every elite class you select will prevent other players from choosing that elite class).

When choosing level up cards, you may also choose to add a basic move or a basic attack to your deck, or remove any one card from your deck.

#### **ELITE CLASS REQUIREMENTS**

In order to level up to an elite class, you must meet that class' requirements. To become a Dark Knight, for example, you must have at least one level up card in the Fighter class, and one in the Wizard class.

This table shows the class requirements for all seventeen elite classes.



ELITE CLASS	Prerequisites	Movement	HP GAIN
Barbarian	Fighter (2)	4	+4
Assassin	Rogue (2)	5	+3
Bishop	Cleric (2)	3	+3
Necromancer	Wizard (2)	3	+2
Ranger	Archer (2)	4	+3
Paladin	Fighter (1), Cleric (1)	4	+5
Dark Knight	Fighter (1), Wizard (1)	4	+4
Gladiator	Fighter (1), Archer (1)	5	+4
Ninja	Rogue (1), Wizard (1), Archer (1)	5	+3
War Mage	Fighter (1), Wizard (1), Rogue (1)	4	+3
Shaman	Cleric (2), Wizard (1)	3	+4
Warlock	Cleric (1), Wizard (2)	4	+3
Monk	Cleric (1), Rogue (1)	5	+4
Skirmisher	Rogue (1), Archer (1)	4	+3
Demon Hunter	Cleric (1), Rogue (1), Archer (1)	4	+4
Beast Trainer	Fighter (1), Archer (2)	5	+4

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